CADIA DIMORATIC SIN

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CADIZ, OHIO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 8, 1854.

TERMS. 82.00

NEBRASKA TERRITORY.

SPEECH OF SENATOR DOUGLAS. The Senate, as in Committee of the Whole, pro-neded to the consideration of the bill to organize to Territory of Nebraska. Mr. DOUGLAS. Mr. President, when I propo-

cal line.

The original bill reports I by the committee, as a ment or a repeal of what has been known as the Missouri compromise, while in other parts it was otherwise construed. As the object of the committee was to conform to the principles established by the compromise measures of 1859, and to carry those principles into effect in the Territories, we thought it was better to recit, in the bill precisely what we understood to have been accomplished by the semestures, viz. That the Missouri compromise having been superseded by the legislation of 1850, has been inoperative, and hence we propose to leave the question to the people of the States and the Territories, subject only to the limitations and previsions of the Constitution.

f the Constitution.
Sic, this is all that I intended to say, if the ques

to the people, in which the action of the members of the committee is grossly miscopresented, in which of that the people were left to exercise their

Then speaking of the Committee on Territories,

The Senate, as in Communication of the bill to organize acided to the consideration of the bill to organize the Mr. Development of the senate should proceed to the consideration of the bill to organize the Territories of Nebracka and kanasa, it was my purpose only to negative minimum. I desired we plant the senate to file provisions. I desired we plant the supposed to bear upon the question of slavery.

The Vomittee, it ordering the bill, but notice members of the Senate to protect the rights of the Indiana, and to prevent infringement of the provisions of the control to these organized into new States. I take issue the post and to the Senate to protect the rights of the Indiana, and to prevent infringement of the senate to protect the rights of the Indiana, and to prevent infringement of the senate to protect the rights of the Indiana, and to prevent infringement of the senate to protect the rights of the Indiana, and to prevent infringement of the senate to protect the rights of the Indiana, and the protect the rights of the Indiana, and to prevent infringement of the senate to protect the right of the Indiana, and the protect the right of the Indiana, and the protect the right of the Indiana, and the protect of th

The original bill reports I by the committee, as a substitute for the bill intro need by the Senator from Iowa, [Mr Dodge,] was b dioved to have accomplished this object. The unandment which was subsequently reported by us was only designed to render that clear and specific which seemed in the uninds of some, to admit of d sibt and misconstruction. In some parts of the country the original substitute was deemed and construct to be an annulation forever, as far as our territory extended, which was then to the Mississippi rived."

I will now proceed to show that presumption for compromise, while in other parts it was above the committee, as a shall be admitted into the Union, with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission may desire. And in such State or States as shall be formed out of said territory north of said Missouri compromise fine, slavery or involuntary servitude (except for crime) shall be prohibited into the Union, with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission may desire. And in such State or States as shall be formed out of said territory north of said Missouri compromise fine, slavery or involuntary servitude (except for crime) shall be prohibited into the Union, with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission may desire. And in such State or States as shall be formed out of said territory north of said territory north of said Missouri compromise fine, slavery or involuntary servitude (except for crime) shall be prohibited into the Union, with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission may desire. And in such State or States as shall be formed out of said territory north of said Missouri compromise fine, slavery or involuntary servitude (except for crime) shall be admitted into the Union, with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission may desire. And in such State or States as shall be admitted into the Union, with or without slavery, as the people of each State asking admission may desi

seen, by looking into the bill establishing one pretends that Congress could have pow- fact that the same section of the act cuts off Louisiana, that the ordinance of 1737 was Sie, this is all that I intended to say, if the question had been taken up for considerant in on these day last, but since that sime occurrences have transpired which compel me to go more fully that the discussion. It will be borne in mind that the Senator from Ohio [Mr. Chase] then objected to the commit cration of the bill, and asked for its pos pomement until this day, on the ground that there has not been toolding territory by making that exception until this day, on the ground that there had not been time to understand and consider its provisions; and the Senator from blassachusetts (Mr. Sum ver) sugform what was then called the territory of gested that the postponenium should be for one week, for that purpose. These suggestions showing to be reasonated to the used different language. They did not they used different language. They did not they used different language. They did not they used different language. They did not ensure a found on the postponenium of Sir, little did I suppose at the time that I granted They first provided that it should be gov- to the Union. The other position was "That when admitted as a State, the said that actof courses to those two Senators, the time that I granted that actof courses to those two Senators, that they had drafted and published to the world a document, the judges, and, when in 1812 Congress over their own signatures. In which they arrisinged may be regarded out the judges, and, when in 1812 Congress of the Union without slavery, and as their constitution may prescribe at the that they should dein the territory of Missouri and account province the territory of Missouri and account province the territory of Missouri and account province the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the people were allowed to do as slavery as they pleased, these men declare the tritory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution of the Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the Missouri constitution may presente at the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution. Then, by that act, the territory of Missouri constitution of the Missouri constitution. Then, by that the territory of Missouri constitution of the Missouri const

country in the Missouri Territory up to 1820, own motion, voted into a bill a provision to Constitution of the United States and the time I granted that act of indulgence, I should have responded to the request of these Senators in such terms as their conduct deserved, so far as the rules of the Senato, and a respect for my own character. Shavery did not exist in, nor was it exclusions. be that as it may, by the act of 1812, creating the Territory of Missouri, that territory of Missouri, that territory of Missouri, that territory of Missouri, that territory of the Compromise in 1850. The world by the confederates is an atrocious sir, your statutes, show, when applied to the the two great parties at Baltimore. Such I stry for making a new compromise in 1850. The world by the confederates is an atrocious sir, your statutes, show, when applied to the the two great parties at Baltimore. Such I stry for making a new compromise in 1850. The world by the confederates is an atrocious sir, your statutes, show, when applied to the the two great parties at Baltimore. Such I stry for making a new compromise in 1850. The world by the confederates is an atrocious sir, your statutes, show, when applied to the the two great parties at Baltimore. Such I stry for making a new compromise in 1850. The particles confederates use this imgange:

"The particles in the positive prohibition of 1820, susuinas, and by the positive prohibition of 1820, susuinas, and by the positive prohibition of 1820, susuinas, and also of territory as allowed to legislate upon the subliad we been faithful to the principles of the they mean when they Mexico, covered by no prohibition except that of the limitations, which I have stated; and would not have arisen. Who was it that committee, repealed it, with having annulputed constitutional or Mexican lay, and that the
committee, repealed it, with having annulputed constitutional or Mexican lay, and that the
committee, repealed it, with having annulthe country not inhabited or thrown open
the country not inhabited or thrown open
the committee, repealed it, with having annulquired from France, and yet in deliance of
the very men who now insist that the Misthe very men who now insist that the Misthe

sensitive that the specific of the emptodical product of the production of the control with the same production of the same production of the control with the same production of the control with the same production of the control with the same pr

to the Pacific ocean, whenever we should ate the Territory of New Mexico in 1850:

the principles as our guide, and intended to make each and every provision of the bill accord with those principles. Those measure searchished and rest upon the great principle of self-government; that the people shall be entitled to admission under the proposition. And constitutions for themselves, subjected by the Constitution of the possible to prescribe a line of demarkation between free, while South Carolina continued to admission under the proposition. And constitutions for themselves, subjected by the Constitution. And constitutions for themselves, subjected by the Constitution of the United States, instead to a per any provide and probability the Constitution of the United States, instead to a per any provide a line of demarkation between free, while South Carolina continued to admission under the provision of the following statement, and attempt to gain and nothing to impair the following statement, and attempt to gain the following statement, and attempt to gain and nothing to impair the following statement, and attempt to gain the following statement, and attempt to gain the following statement, and attempt to gain and nothing to impair the following statement, and attempt to gain the following statement, and attempt to gain and nothing to impair the following statement, and attempt to gain the following statement, and attempts the clearly establishes the fact that it was the fine the provision, they make the intent, as well as the legal effect of the following statement, and attempt to gain and nothing to impair the following statement, and attempt to gain t ly known as the Missouri compromise line, "It is solemnly declared in the very comthat this geographical line, established by shall be admitted into the Union, with or promise acts, that nothing herein confusion, to the federal Government the founders of the republic between free without slavery, as the people of each State shall be considered to impair or qualify the is the legal effect of the law; and I say that

> remarkable provision, which is, that when in this declaration. the territory known as Louisiana, it became States lying north of 36 deg. 30 minutes necessary to legislate for the protection of apply for admission, slavery shall be prohib-which, if produced; would have disapproved

westward to the Pacific ocean, in the same Thus the New Mexican bill, from which sense and with the same understanding with they make that quotation, contained the

tact, it may be that I shall be able to nail that de-this own signature, as a base folsehood, and prove his own signature, as a base folsehood, and prove Texas passed. There was inserted in that this abolition manifesto attempted to refute as were north of that line slavery should be quence of the action of freesoilers and not own section of country, and were will be quence of the action of freesoilers and not own section of country, and were north of that line slavery should be quence of the action of freesoilers and not own to section of country, and were north of that line slavery should be quence of the action of freesoilers and not own to section of country, and were north of that line slavery should be quence of the action of freesoilers and not own to section of country.

within the limits of Texas wa concerned; sumption, as I before stated, that the Misfor no man ever dreamed that it had any souri compromise was abandoned and supractical effect there. Then why was it perseded by the principl's of the comprobrought forward? It was for the purpose mise of 1850, these confederates cite the of preserving the principle, in order that it following amendments, offered to the bill might exteded still further westward, even to establish the boundary of Texes and cre-

It will be seen that that contains a very tion could not go further than is exhibited

ited in their constitutions. I presume no their statement. They first suppress the promise line, in order that it might after- the further fact that the same section of the that while Congress had no power to impose any such limitation, yet, as that was a compact with the State of Texas, that State could consent for herself that, when any portion of the territorry, subject to her own jurisdis.

The state of the state of the state of the state of the territorry subject to her own jurisdis.

The state of the stat diction and control applied for a constitution, compromise line did apply was incorpora-

with or without slavery as each should de- as their constitution may prescribe at the that they should come in with or without whig party, when they adopted the compro- own free will and accord, provided for a

the two der Norte as its boundary we recsouth side of the line; incorporates it into
the two der Norte as its boundary we recsouth side of the line; incorporates it into
onized, in many ways, and among them
the territory, and every portion of the same,
to the people, in which the action of the members of
the third parallel; and north
by even paying Texas for it in order that it shall come into the Union with or without

to the limitations, which I have stated; and would not have arisen. Who was it that committee, repealed it, with having annul-

this own signature, as a base false-hood, and prove this country.

In Paramer. The Senator from Illinois is certainly out of order.

Mr. Donoras Then I will only say that I shall confinent be first instruction of the country.

Mr. Donoras Then I will only say that I shall confinence in the first instruction of the country.

Mr. Donoras Then I will only say that I shall confinence in the first in order.

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Mr. Donoras Then I will only say that I shall confinence in the first instance in the first instan north of 39 ceg. 30 min. It would leave Louisiana, from France, or from Mexico; for ing province. When the Constitution of it, then, doubtful whether Texas was enti- what difference did it make? The principle the United States was formed, twelve out tled to two or three additional States under which we had established in the bill would of the thirteen were slave holding States the circumscribed boundary.

In order to put that matter to rest, in orto the Pacific ocean, whenever we should acquire the country that far. I will here read that clause in the joint resolution for the annexation of Texas. It is the third article, second section, and is in those words:

"New States, of convenient size, not exceeding four in number, in addition to said States of Texas of Texas or other ceeding four in number, in addition to said States of Texas, having sufficient population, may hereafter by the reafter by the resolution of the states of Texas or other meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the discovered by the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the third article of the John that the principles establised in the bills superseded the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the discovered by the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the discovered by the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the discovered by the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the discovered by the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the discovered by the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the Missouri compromise or not. The meaning of Congress, the senator from Virginia offered the amendment that nothing intended to the Missouri compromise of the Missouri compromise of the Missouri compromise of the the very character and purpose of its mover idea is upon this point. So far as the Utah slavery, while Virginia, North Carolins, and the senator from Viginia. Such, then, was and New Mexico bills included the territonous from Viginia. Buch, then, was and New Mexico bills included the territonous from Viginia. Did they do it at not only the intent of the mover, but such ry which had been subject to the Missouri the dictation of the Federal Government. no man, after reading the other sections of absolutely annulled the Misssouri compro- Wilmot provisoes or ordinances of '87?the bill, those to which I have referred, can m se. As to the unorganized territory not Not at all; they did it by circue of their right

convicted this manifesto, issued by the abo- mise measures of 1350 was to establish cer- required. lition confederates, of being a gross falsitica- tain great principles which would avoid Let me ask you where have you succeed tion of the laws of the land, and by that the slavery agitation in all time to come. ed in excluding slavery by an act of Confalsification that an erroneous and injuwas it our object simply to provid for a gress from one much of the American services impression has been created upon temporary evil? Was it our object to heal You may tell me that you did I in the the public mind. I am sorry tobe com- over an old sore, and leave it to break out northwest territory by the or france of 1787 pelled to include in language that is ad- again? Was it our object to adopt a mere I will snow you be er thus to fetter a State applying for admission into this Union; but it was necessary to all that part of Trans which lies north of which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and leave ourselves You prohibited which I see this attempt, not only to mislead ry, and to that alone, and the results are the results at the results at the results are the results at the preserve the principle of the Missouri com- 36 deg 30 minutes. They then suppress the public; but to making my character by entirely at sea, without compass when new you did not exclude it is fact deliberate falsification of the public statutes territory was acquired or new territorial or- a part of the nurthern territorial

der to make a final settlement, in order to tention to the fact whether they include old Was it by virtue of abolition agustion in have it explicitly understood what was the territory or not-whether the country was Congress? Was it in obedience to the die-

doubt that such was both the intent and the covered by those bills, it was superseded by as freemen under the Constitution of the legal effect of that law. the principles of the compromise of 1850. United States, to establish and abolish such promise fine, slavery or involuntary servi-tude (except for crime) shall be prohibit-go?"

Can presumption further legal effect of that law.

Then I submit to the Senate if I have not We all know that the object of the compro-institutions as they thought their own great

consent for herself that, when any portion further fact that this territory thus cut off go further, and state that "it is solemnly de his last energies upon the altar of his countries in the territory, subject to her own jurisdisform Texas, and to which the Missouri clared in the very compromise acts that try? Was that the object for which Webnothing herei's contained shall be construed to ster, Clay, Cass, and all the patriots of that tained it in of this declaration, that shered prohibition is ry expedient, in agreeing to stand by past the territory of the said to be overthrown. Can presumption and dead legislation that the Baltimore plato further?"

form pledged us to sustain the compromise day when you withdraw you?

In the very teeth of the statute saying of 1850? Was it the understanding of the prohibition, the people of Illinois of

> quired from Mexico, and also of territory meant merely to adopt resolutions which acquired foam Texas, and of territory ac- were never to be carried out, and which quired from France, and yet in deliance of were designed to mislead and deceive the

apply equally well to either. Since that time six of those States have beIn fixing those boundaries, I paid no atcome free. How has this been affected?— Since that time six of those States have be-

those two Sen into 8 man being sity of such applications of the Conwhen they called applications of the Congive them an opportunity of the states. Now what
situate reported from the contract of the United States. Now what
situate reported from the contract of the Consituate reported from the contract of the United States. Now what
the Rio del Norte, and they could avoid the exposure
discovered first of the Rio del Norte as its boundary. We recdiscovered first of the Rio del Norte as its boundary. That
the Rio del Norte as its boundary. We recdiscovered first of the Rio del Norte as its boundary. The contract of the Rio del Norte as its boundary. The contract of the Rio del Norte as its boundary. The contract of the Rio del Norte as its boundary.

Texas which was to be free by the Missouri
to the future? It that was their object, they palmed off an
it has the interest of the Rio del Norte, of the Rio d on nized, in many ways, and among them the territory, and every portion of the same, of their conduct.

Was it the meaning of the Democratic party of self-government, and they determine to have the even naving Texas for it in order that it shall come into the Union with or without In order to give greater plausibility to the when we pledged ourselves to stand by the chart they would never submit even to have the committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the action of the committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the people were left to exercise their committee is grossly miscepresented. In order to give greater plausibility to the which the committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the committee is grossly miscepresented, in which the indication of the terms of the committee is grossly miscepresented. In order to grossly miscepresented in the committee is grossly of the terms of the They were intended as a settlement of the action? Was it as to his past conduct? - with which the people of Illinois were ad extend the Missouri compromise indefinitely westward to the Pacific ocean, in the same Thus the New Mexican bill, from which by their own merits."

With which the people of Finites and the provisions of the act, not excepting slavery, controversy only. They must stand or fall if it had been in relation to past conduct mitted into the Union, they absolutely violatively will by their own merits." by their own merits."

only, the pledge would have been untrue ted, disregarded, and repudiated your ordinance. The ordinance said that slavery

of the Senate, and w respect for my own character, would have prompted me to do. In order to show the character of this document—of which I submit to the Senate in the same understanding with they make that quotation, contained the would have prompted me to do. In order to show the country now known as Nebras. Which it was originally adopted. That proposed to the country now known as Nebras which it was originally adopted. That proposed to the country now known as Nebras which it was originally adopted. They was no code of laws upon the country now known as Nebras which it was originally adopted. They was no code of laws upon the vision passed this body by a decided major-part of Texas which was cut off, should that that declaration is falsified by the station into the Union with or without slayery. It hink by ten at least, and went to the union as a State said that all leave much to say in the course of my argument.

I will read certain passages:

We arraign this bill as a gross violation of a say of the reason that slavery had never been introduced into Louisiana, and established by room a vast unoscupied region emigrants from the room avast unoscupied region emigrants from the territoral legislature should have soll the territoral legislature should have soll the territoral legislature should have soll the territoral region of the law from which they quoted. They say that the roas on that slavery had never been introduced into Louisiana, and established by positive cuactment. It had grown upthers by a sort of common law, and been supported and protected. When a common law a moment. The first time that the principal passages and that all persons born in an an institution becomes the next section of the Union as a State said that all the room which they were pending—men who as those were been introduced into Louisiana, and established by never would have solled to the territoral legislature should have soll the territoral legislature should have solled to the territor and convert into a dreary region of staves. It is signed by masters and staves. By whom is the sideres signed.

Mr. Documa. It is signed by "8. P. Chase, Senter from Ohio, Charles Summer, Sonator from Masser from Ohio, Grantes from Ohio, Gra United States, you have failed. is true, though not to the same extent, wi'h reference to the Territory of Indiana, where there were many slaves during the time of its territorial existence, and I believe, ale, there were a few in the Territory of Ohio.

set in the country and inhabited or thrown open country over to estimate a reasonable are as more asymptotic and the strains and the strains are strained as a strain of the strains and the strains are strained as a strain of the strain of the strains are strained as a strain of the strain of the strains are strained as a strain of the strain of the strains are strained as a strain of the str